

Notice Claiming the Right to Buy

This notice is for use by certain secure tenants of local authorities, and of certain housing associations and other bodies, who wish to claim the right to buy their homes.

Before filling in each part of this notice please read the notes relating to that part and the information pack which should have been provided by your landlord.

You may also find it helpful to read the Government booklet *Your Right to Buy Your Home*. You can get a copy from your landlord or a Citizens Advice Bureau or by writing to Communities and Local Government Publications, PO Box No 236, Wetherby, West Yorkshire, LS3 7NB.

If you need further advice you can get help from a Citizens Advice Bureau or you can consult a solicitor. Help with the cost of advice from a solicitor may be available under the Legal Aid Scheme.

When you have filled in this notice, take it or send it by recorded delivery to your landlord. If you take it by hand, ask for a receipt. Keep a copy of the completed notice yourself.

Part A: The property

Give the following	details:					
Address of the prop (including postcod	perty you wish to buy e)	Name	of your l	andlord		
Note						
	the right to buy the property w, a flat or a maisonette – the				t matter w	hether it is a
Part B: The te						
Give the following	details for each tenant of the	e property:				
			tena	he property th ant's only or acipal home?		oes he or she sh to buy?
Surname	Other names	Title		Please ti	ck appropri	ate box
			Yes	No	Yes	No
			Yes	No	Yes	No
			Yes	No	Yes	No
			Yes	No	Yes	No
			103	110	103	140

Notes

- 1. You may be a tenant if your name appears on the tenancy agreement, rent book or rent card. If you are unsure whether you are a tenant, you should check with your landlord.
- 2. You can only claim the right to buy if the property is your only or principal home. If you are applying to buy jointly with other tenants, only one tenant need satisfy this requirement.
- 3. The agreement of any tenant who does not wish to buy must be obtained before you claim the right to buy. They should sign Part G of this notice. Their tenancy will end when you buy the property.

Part C: Family member(s) sharing the right to buy

If you wish to share the right to buy with any family member who is not a tenant, give their details below:

				Is the family or prin	meml	ber's or	-	Has h with the through 12 mc	he tena hout t	
Surname	Other names	Title	_		Plea	ase tick	к аррг	opriate	box	
			Yes		No		Yes		No	
Relationship to tenant										
Surname	Other names	Title	_		Plea	ase ticl	к аррго	opriate	box	
			Yes		No		Yes		No	
Relationship to tenant										
Surname	Other names	Title	_		Plea	ase tick	к аррг	opriate	box	
			Yes		No		Yes		No	
Relationship to tenant										

Notes

- 1. You may share the right to buy with up to three family members who are not themselves tenants, if the property is their only or principal home. Unless your landlord agrees otherwise, the family members must also:
 - be your husband, wife or civil partner; or
 - have lived with you throughout the last 12 months.
- 2. A person who lives with you:
 - as your husband or wife but who is not married to you; or
 - as if you were civil partners but who is not your registered civil partner,

is regarded as a family member.

If you are unsure whether someone qualifies as a family member for this purpose, you should check with your landlord.

Part D: Qualification and discount

Please read these notes before filling in the table(s) on pages 5–9.

- 1. If you were a public sector tenant before 18 January 2005, you must have been a tenant for a qualifying period of at least two complete years to be eligible to buy your home. You are then also eligible for a discount. Your discount cannot be greater than the maximum discount for the area in which you live; see the booklet Your Right to Buy Your Home. However, subject to that limit, your discount is 32 per cent if you are a tenant of a house, and 44 per cent if you are a tenant of a flat, plus any extra discount for additional complete years as a public sector tenant. If you are buying a house, you are eligible for one per cent more discount for each additional complete year, up to a maximum limit of 60 per cent. If you are buying a flat, you are eligible for two per cent more discount for each additional complete year, up to a maximum limit of 70 per cent.
- 2. If you became a public sector tenant for the first time on or after 18 January 2005, you must have been a tenant for a qualifying period of at least five years to be eligible to buy your home. You are then also eligible for discount. Your discount cannot be greater than the maximum discount for the area in which you live; see the booklet Your Right to Buy your Home. However, subject to that limit, your discount is thirty five per cent if you are a tenant of a house, and fifty per cent if you are a tenant of a flat, plus any extra discount for additional complete years as a public sector tenant. If you are buying a house, you are eligible for one per cent more discount for each additional complete year, up to a maximum limit of sixty per cent. If you are buying a flat, you are eligible for two per cent more discount for each additional complete year, up to a maximum limit of seventy per cent.
- 3. You need not have spent the full qualifying period in your present home or with your present landlord, and in some circumstances periods which another person (such as your husband, wife or civil partner) has spent as a public sector tenant or armed forces occupier can count towards your qualifying period.

A public sector tenant is a tenant of one of the public sector landlords listed at the end of this form who occupies the property as their only or principal home. This may include an employee living in accommodation provided in connection with their job.

An armed forces occupier is a person who occupies accommodation provided for them as a member of the regular armed forces of the Crown.

1. Present and previous tenancies

This section must be completed by each tenant of this property who wishes to be included in this right to buy application. Each tenant applying jointly should fill in a purchaser's name box and add the relevant details.

Please give details:

- of your present tenancy of the property
- in relation to any periods in the past when you were a public sector tenant or an armed forces occupier.

Purchaser's name:							
Period from to month/year month/year		Name of tenant(s) (or member of armed forces)	Address of property (not required for armed forces accommodation)	Name of landlord (or branch of armed forces)			
,,	.,						
Purchaser's	s name:						
Purchaser's	s name:						

2. If you are married or a civil partner and you are living with your husband, wife or civil partner.

Please give details in relation to any periods when your husband, wife or civil partner:

- was previously a public sector tenant or an armed forces occupier
- was previously married to another person or previously had a different civil partner and lived in a property of which that person was a public sector tenant or an armed forces occupier.

But these details should only be completed if you are a tenant of this property **and** you wish to be included in this right to buy application.

Each tenant applying jointly should fill in a purchaser's name box and add the relevant details.

Purchaser's	s name:				
from to month/year month/year		Name of tenant(s) (or member of armed forces)	Address of property (not required for armed forces accommodation)	Name of landlord (or branch of armed forces)	
Purchaser'	s name:				
Purchaser's	s name:				

3. If you are separated, divorced or your civil partnership has been dissolved.

Please give details in relation to any periods when you were living in a property of which your separated or former husband, wife or civil partner was a public sector tenant or an armed forces occupier.

But these details should only be completed if you are a tenant of this property **and** wish to be included in this right to buy application. Each tenant applying jointly should fill in a purchaser's name box and add the relevant details.

Period		Name of tenant(s)	Address of property	Name of landlord
from nonth/year	to month/year	(or member of armed forces)	(not required for armed forces accommodation)	(or branch of armed forces)
Purchaser's	s name:			
Purchaser's	s name:			
	1			

4. If your husband, wife or civil partner has died and you were living together when he or she died.

Please give details in relation to any periods when your deceased husband, wife or civil partner:

- was a public sector tenant or an armed forces occupier
- was previously married to another person or previously had a different civil partner and lived in a property of which that person was a public sector tenant or an armed forces occupier.

But these details should only be completed if you are a tenant of this property **and** wish to be included in this right to buy application. Each tenant applying jointly should fill in a purchaser's name box and add the relevant details.

Purchaser's	s name:			
from	to month/year	Name of tenant(s) (or member of armed forces)	Address of property (not required for armed forces accommodation)	Name of landlord (or branch of armed forces)
Purchaser's	s name:			
Purchaser's	s name:			

5. Tenants who have taken over a public sector tenancy from a parent.

A tenant who has taken over a parent's public sector tenancy may be able to count, for qualification and discount, periods after the age of 16 living in a property of which a parent was a public sector tenant.

If this heading applies to you, give details in relation to any periods when:

- you were over the age of 16 and living with a parent who was a public sector tenant
- a person to whom you are or were married, or who is or was your civil partner, was over the age of 16 and living with a parent who was a public sector tenant
- a person who:
 - was previously married to your husband, wife or civil partner; or
 - previously had a civil partnership with your husband, wife or civil partner,

was over the age of 16 and living with a parent who was a public sector tenant.

But these details should only be completed if you are a tenant of this property **and** wish to be included in this right to buy application. Each tenant applying jointly should fill in a purchaser's name box and add the relevant details.

Purchaser's name:						
Period from to month/year month/year		Name of tenant(s) (or member of armed forces)	Address of property (not required for armed forces accommodation)	Name of landlord (or branch of armed forces)		
.,	,,					
Purchaser's	s name:					
Purchaser's	s name:					

Part E: Previous discount

Give details below of any previous purchase, at a discount, from a public sector landlord (see the list of public sector landlords at the end of this form) which you or your husband, wife or civil partner, or deceased husband, wife or civil partner, have made. If you are applying to buy jointly with others, give details in relation to each purchaser.

Address of property	Name of public sector landlord	Date of purchase (month/year)
	Name of previous purchaser]
Address of property	Name of public sector landlord	Date of purchase (month/year)
radicos of property	Name of previous purchaser	(money year)

Note

The amount of any discount on a previous purchase from a public sector landlord, less any sum later repaid, may be deducted from the discount allowed on your present purchase.

Part F: Tenants' improvements

Give the following details of any tenants' improvements to the property:

Description of improvements

Name of tenant who made the improvement

Notes

- 1. When the property is valued to fix the price, any improvements which you have made will not be included in the valuation. You should give details of any improvements which you think may affect the valuation, eg central heating, double glazing, a fitted kitchen or a new bathroom suite.
- 2. The value of improvements will also be ignored where they were carried out by either:
 - your predecessor in the same tenancy (including an introductory tenancy at the start of the tenancy); or
 - a family member who was a secure or introductory tenant of the property immediately before you under a different tenancy.

If you are unsure whether someone qualifies as a family member for this purpose you should check with your landlord.

Part G: Signatures

Warning: If you give false information or withhold relevant information you may be prosecuted.

To be completed by each tenant wishing to buy:

- I claim the right to buy
- As far as I know, the information given in this notice is true

Signature	Surname	Other names	Date of birth
Date	Daytime telephone number (i	of any)	
Signature	Surname	Other names	Date of birth
Date	Daytime telephone number (i	f any)	
Signature	Surname	Other names	Date of birth
Date	Daytime telephone number (i	f any)	
Signature	Surname	Other names	Date of birth
Date	Daytime telephone number (i	f any)	

Signature	Surname	Other names	Date
	ch tenant not wishing to buy: if the purchase goes ahead)		
Your tenancy will end			
Your tenancy will end • I do not wish to	if the purchase goes ahead)	right to buy	
Your tenancy will end • I do not wish to	if the purchase goes ahead) claim the right to buy	right to buy Other names	Date
Your tenancy will end I do not wish to I agree to the ab	if the purchase goes ahead) claim the right to buy ove purchaser(s) exercising the	,	Date

To be completed by each family member (who is not a tenant) sharing the right to buy:

What happens next?

Your landlord must reply to your claim by either admitting or denying the right to buy. If the right to buy is denied, reasons must be given. Your landlord has four weeks to reply unless the period on which you rely to qualify for the right to buy includes a period spent as a tenant of another landlord. In that case your landlord must reply within eight weeks.

After admitting your right to buy, your landlord must notify you of the proposed terms of sale, including the purchase price. At that stage you must decide whether to go ahead with the right to buy or to withdraw your application.

This notice does not commit you to buying the property. You may withdraw at any time before completion by notifying your landlord in writing.

Public sector landlords (see Parts D and E)

Community councils
Local authorities
New town corporations
Parish councils
Urban Development Corporations

Housing Action Trusts Registered Social Landlords (but not co-operative housing associations)

Government departments
Ministers of the Crown
Secretary of State (in some circumstances)

Area electricity boards Fire and rescue authorities Internal drainage boards National Health Service trusts and foundation trusts Passenger transport executives Police authorities Water authorities

AFRC Institute for Grassland and Animal Production Agricultural and Food Research Council British Airports Authority British Broadcasting Corporation British Coal Corporation British Gas Corporation British Railways Board British Steel Corporation British Waterways Board Central Electricity Generating Board

Church Commissioners

Civil Aviation Authority

Coal Authority

Electricity Council

English Sports Council

Environment Agency

Historic Buildings and Monuments Commission

for England

Housing Corporation

Lake District Special Planning Board

Lee Valley Regional Park Authority

Medical Research Council

National Bus Company

Natural England (in some circumstances)

Natural Environment Research Council

Peak Park Joint Planning Board

Post Office

Science and Engineering Research Council

Sports Council

Transport for London

Trinity House (in some circumstances)

United Kingdom Atomic Energy Authority

United Kingdom Sports Council

In Wales

Countryside Council for Wales

National Assembly for Wales (in some

circumstances)

National Library of Wales

National Museum of Wales

Sports Council for Wales

In Scotland

Councils

Development Corporations

Housing Associations (in some circumstances)

Water authorities

Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses

Highlands and Islands Enterprise

North of Scotland Hydro-Electric Board

Scottish Homes

Scottish Natural Heritage

Scottish Sports Council

South of Scotland Electricity Board

In Northern Ireland
District Councils

Education and Library Boards

Registered housing associations

Fire Authority for Northern Ireland

Northern Ireland Electricity Service

Northern Ireland Housing Executive

Northern Ireland Policing Board

Northern Ireland Transport Holding Company

Sports Council for Northern Ireland

In respect of housing co-operative agreements
In England and Wales, a local housing authority,
new town corporation or the Development Board for
Rural Wales. In Scotland, a local housing authority.

And any predecessor of these landlords.